# **INTC Conference**

"Staying Committed to New Teacher Induction"

Beginning, Maintaining, and Advancing Effective Mentoring Programs When Budgets Are Tight Bill DuBois February 23, 2012

> Reproduction and reuse of this ppt presentation and the data contained within(in hardcopy or digital format )is expressly prohibited without the prior written consent of Bill DuBois



### The Long and Winding Road...and Lessons Learned

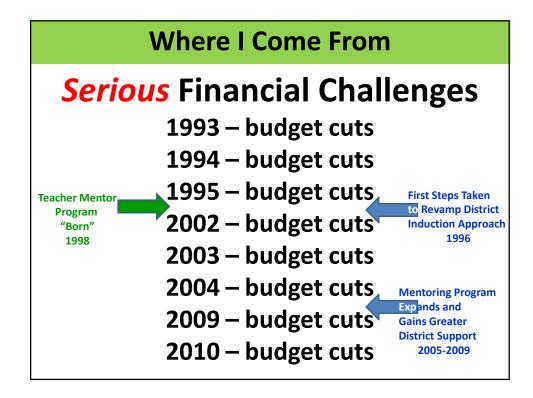
1983- ISBE first begins studying Induction and mentoring

- 1987- First formal conversation with District admin rep about a mentoring program
- 1991- Labor strife. Recognition that we all needed to work more collaboratively
- 1993- U-46 budget cuts
- 1994- U-46 passes referendum
- 1994- Future Search sponsored by CEC
- 1996- ETA Strategic Plan focuses on teacher quality
- 1996- First IBB experience. Teacher quality issues presented by ETA. Specifically, mentoring. Conversation touched on the "pipeline", induction, and teacher evaluation.
- 1996 PEL formed & based on works of P. Dolan. Advanced union/admin/BOE collaboration
- 1996 NEA President Bob Chase calls for "new" unionism
- 1996- Enhancing Professional Practice: A Framework For Teaching published
- 1996- P. Dolan keynotes Institute Day for 4,500 U-46 certified & classified staff
- 1997- Teacher Cert Legislation Advanced -Initial (mentoring option) ,Standard, Master,
- 1998- Teacher Mentor Program bargained as part of The Elgin Agreement
- 1998- TMP 's first year. Collaborative undertaking, led by Oversight Committee

1999-2011 ... the journey continues!







### Where I Come From

Money has frequently been tight!

Get over it...

Move forward....

Create a vision and a plan for success...

Seek enough funding to succeed...

Work the plan as if the future depends on it...

...because it does!!!!



### *\$\$\$ To Support Effective* Mentoring & Induction Programs

- How much money is needed?
- Where will the money come from?
- How will we know the money has had an impact?
- Is money the only answer? If not...
  - What other "things" need to be in place?
  - How can other "things" help define issues related to money?
  - Is one "thing" more important than another?





Grading Summary					
	All Categories				
Α	None				
B+	Maryland				
В	Massachusetts, New York, Virginia				
B-	Arkansas, New Jersey, Georgia, Vermont, West Virginia				
C+	Ohio, Florida, Texas, Pennsylvania, <b>Kentucky</b> , Connecticut, Hawaii, North Carolina, Wisconsin, Michigan, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Indiana, Louisiana, <b>South Carolina</b> , Delaware, Wyoming, Oklahoma				
С	Maine, Illinois, New Mexico, Iowa, Alabama, California, New Hampshire, Colorado, North Dakota, Minnesota, Washington, Kansas				
C-	Montana, Missouri, Utah, Oregon, Arizona, Mississippi, Alaska, Idaho, Nevada, DC, Nebraska				
D+	South Dakota				
Source: EPE Research, 2012 Source: Education Week, January 2012					

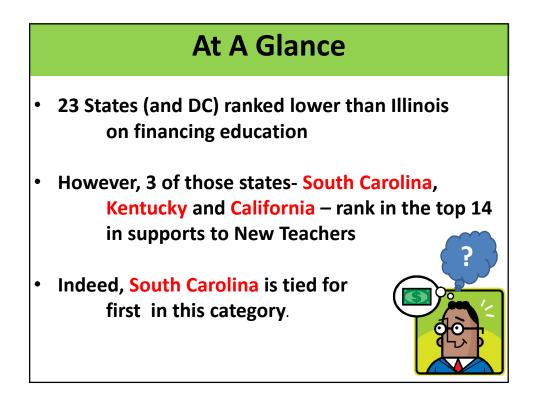
l new achers are quired to	All new teachers are required to	State has standards	State has a
rticipate in state- nded duction ogram	participate in a state- funded mentoring program	for selecting, training, and/or matching mentors	reduced- workload policy for first-year teachers
USA 14		13	3
No	No	No	No
	nded duction ogram 14	nded duction ogram funded mentoring program 14 16 No No	nded duction ogramfunded mentoring programmatching mentors141613

	Building and Supporting Capacity					
	Professional Development					
	State has formal professional development standards	State finances professional development for all districts	State requires districts/schools to set aside time for professional development	State requires districts to align professional development with local priorities and goals		
USA	USA 39 23 16 31					
Illinois	No	No	No	No		
	Source: Education Week, January 2012					

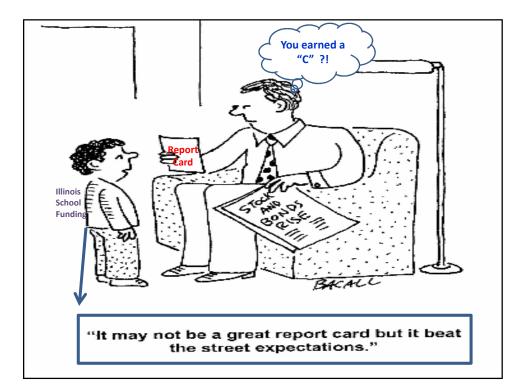
Bui	ilding and Suppo	orting Capacity				
	School Lead	dership				
State require	ments for initia	l administrator licensure				
	Supervised InternshipParticipation in induction or mentoring program					
USA 40 19						
Illinois	Illinois Yes Yes					
	Source: Education Week, January 2012					

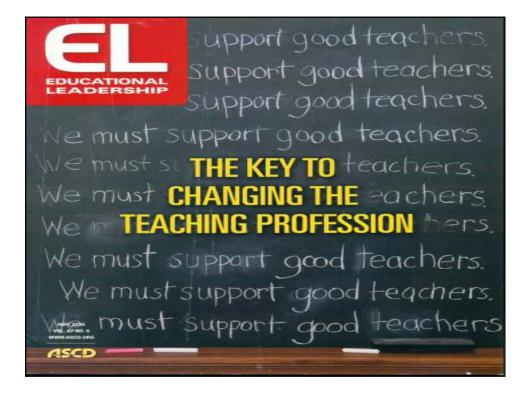
The Teaching Profession Section					
Report Card					
Grade Score					
USA	С	72.5			
Illinois	D+	67.9			
<ul> <li>Illinois ranks 34th in this section when considering all categories:</li> <li>Accountability for Quality <ul> <li>Initial Licensure Requirements for All Prospective Teachers</li> <li>Discouraging Out-of-Field Teaching for All Schools</li> <li>Evaluation of Teacher Performance</li> <li>Accountability for Effectiveness of Teacher Education Programs</li> <li>Data Systems to Monitor Quality</li> </ul> </li> <li>Incentives and Allocation <ul> <li>Reducing Entry and Transfer Barriers</li> <li>Teacher salaries</li> <li>Incentives for Teacher Leadership and Performance</li> <li>Managing the Allocation of Talent</li> </ul> </li> <li>Building and Supporting Capacity <ul> <li>Support for Beginning Teachers</li> <li>Professional Development</li> <li>School Working Conditions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					

Report Card				
Grade Score				
USA	С	75.5		
Illinois	С	72.5		
<ul> <li>Equity         <ul> <li>Wealth-Neutrality Score</li> <li>McLoone Index</li> <li>Coefficient of Variation</li> <li>Restricted Range</li> </ul> </li> <li>Spending         <ul> <li>Per-pupil expenditures adjusted for regional cost differences</li> <li>Percent of students in districts with PPE at or above U.S. average</li> <li>Spending Index</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
Percent of students in districts with PPE at or above U.S. average				



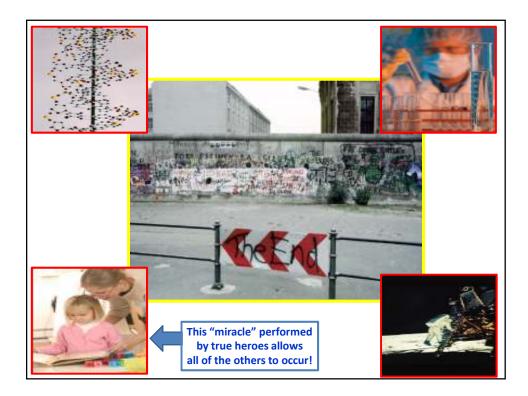
	Grading Summary				
	All Categories				
Α	None				
B+	Maryland				
В	Massachusetts, New York, Virginia				
B-	Arkansas, New Jersey, Georgia, Vermont, West Virginia				
C+	Ohio, Florida, Texas, Pennsylvania, <b>Kentucky</b> , Connecticut, Hawaii, North Carolina, Wisconsin, Michigan, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Indiana, Louisiana, <b>South Carolina</b> , Delaware, Wyoming, Oklahoma				
С	Maine, Illinois, New Mexico, Iowa, Alabama, California, New Hampshire, Colorado, North Dakota, Minnesota, Washington, Kansas				
C-	Montana, Missouri, Utah, Oregon, Arizona, Mississippi, Alaska, Idaho, Nevada, DC, Nebraska				
D+	South Dakota				
	Source: EPE Research, 2012 Source: Education Week, January 2012				

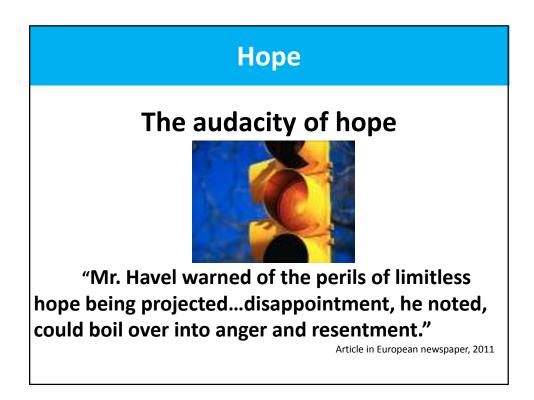




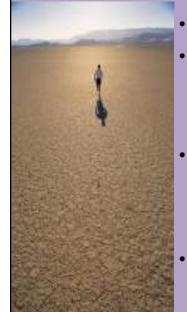
### Hope Exists For Better Day... Even as budgets continue to remain tight!



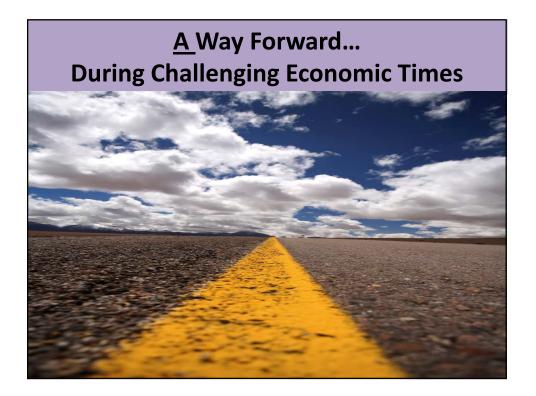




## Be In It For The Long Run



- Have pragmatic/realistic hope
- Anchor your realistic hope to strong effort, careful planning, and goals set (just far enough out of reach... to stretch you)
- Nurture your hope with persistence & small victories...and celebrate those moments.
- I & M work is a passion job, not a paycheck job.



### Under What Conditions? Strategies for I & M Success

- Strategy 1: Determine the Financial Costs
- Strategy 2: Create A Compelling Story of Need
- Strategy 3: Build Strong Coalitions & Partnerships
- Strategy 4: Make Sure Your Program Is In Step With Local, State, and National Contexts
- Strategy 5: Use Data To Your Advantage
- Strategy 6: Tether Your Program To Something
- Strategy 7: Be Persistent
- Strategy 8: Take Risks ... Innovate... Transform



### *\$\$\$ To Support Effective* Mentoring & Induction Programs

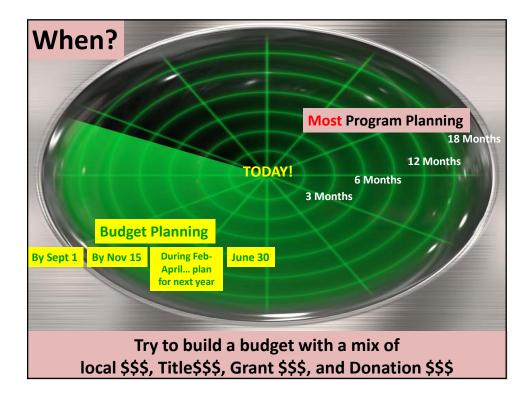
- How much money is needed?
- Where will the money come from?
- How will we know the money has had an impact?
- Is money the only answer? If not...
  - What other "things" need to be in place?
  - How can other "things" help define issues related to money?
  - Is one "thing" more important than another?



Allocating limited dollars strategically and showing results are essential in an era when money is scarce, the margin for waste is narrow, and expectations for enhanced practice & inmproved student learning are so high. Indeed, it is essential when justifying the need for increased funding.

### For What?

- Better student learning
- Support for and Retention of the best new teachers
   PERA 2010
  - SB 7
  - Reduce the number of movers and leavers
- Job embedded professional development
- On-going professional development
- Mentor teacher leadership
  - Classroom based teacher leadership
  - District-wide teacher leadership
  - Contributing to the overall leadership pipeline
- Build a strong Professional Learning Community
  - Within grade levels and schools
  - Among levels, programs, departments, and buildings



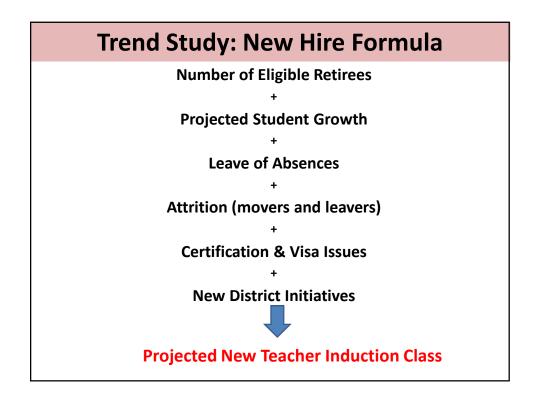
### How Much?

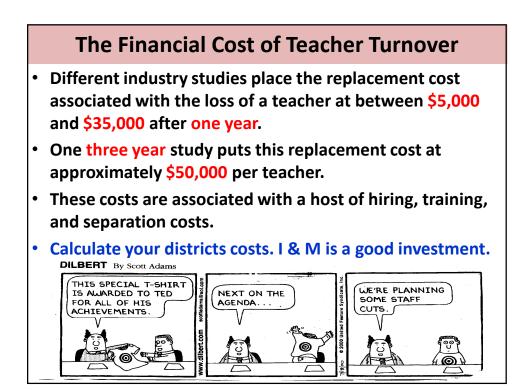
- Determine a per mentee (NT) spending for:
  - One-one Model
  - Full-time Model
  - Alternative Model
- The per mentee spending should be all inclusive:
  - Mentor honorarium (or salary)
  - Sub days for observation
  - Materials and supplies
  - Leadership needs
  - Training needs
  - Office support

Some Keys to On-going Funding:

- Predictability over time
- Transparency of data
- Don't spend it if you don't need it







U-46 Human Capital Trends					
	NT Induction Class	RIF	Cause	Retirement Class	
1999-2000	297			94	
2000-2001	380			63	
2001-2002	376	Yes	-\$55 Million	72	
2002-2003	235	Yes	Con't deficit	80	
2003-2004	71		Con't deficit	105	
2004-2005	339			85	
2005-2006	355			33	
2006-2007	253			73	
2007-2008	240			75	
2008-2009	229	Yes	-\$40 MIllion	43	
2009-2010	143	Yes	Con't deficit	36	
2010-2011	38		Con't deficit	49	
2011-2012	*	* *		72	
2012-2013	*	*	*	136*	
Total	2956	*estir	nated	880 ( 1016* )	

### **Conversation 1 Thought**

"The *financial cost* to our nation of replacing nearly half of the teaching force every five years is *incalculable*.

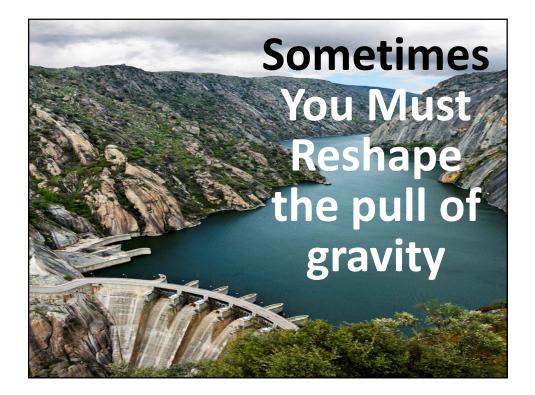
And in too many cases these high turnover rates are *undermining* the continuity and community that are so important to *quality teaching* and *learning*."

NCTAF report, "Unraveling the Teacher Shortage Problem: Teacher Retention is the Key"

### **Journey Questions--1**

- Do you currently have a method to quantify how much funding you need for your program's context? What does (or could) it look like? In other words, how much is enough?
- 2. Does your district support your program with local \$\$\$? Or does it rely only on grants? Or outside partners?
- 3. What data can you gather that would help you create a compelling story of need...part of that story must be the need for a stable, equitable, and fair funding approach?
- 4. What \$\$\$ are already allocated within your district's budget for things that could support (in part or full) a mentoring program? Where can mentoring be nested?





Recent U-46 New Teacher Employment				
	Total New Teachers Hired	Number Qualifying TMP	% Qualifying for TMP	
<b>'96-'97</b>	324	DNA	DNA	
'97-'9 <b>8</b>	239	DNA	DNA	
<u>'98_'99</u>	330	DNA		
'99-'00	297	133	45%	
'00-'01	380	209	55%	
'01-'02	376	134	36%	
'02-'0 <b>3</b>	235	164	70%	
'03-'04	71	41*	58%	
'04-'05	339	164**	49%	
'05 -'0 <b>6</b>	355	157**	44%	
'06 -'07	253	179***	71%	
'0 <u>7-'</u> 08	240	165****	<u>69%</u>	
08-'09	229	206	90%	
'09-'1 <b>0</b>	143	143****	100%	
*Thre eligible bigg price onto to **Two eligible hires onted not to	e a part of the TMP 5 e a part of the TMP	***Fifteen eligible pires opted not ****Ten eligible hires opted not to be *****Six declined the TMP	to be a part of the TMP	

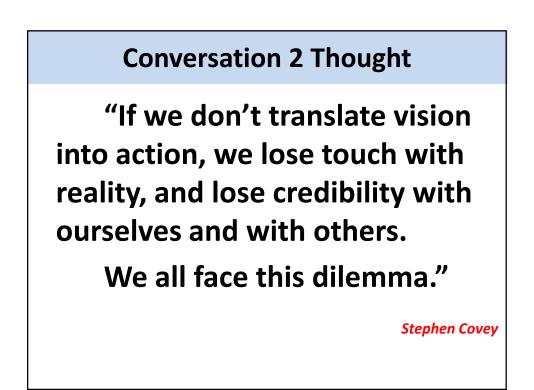
Benefits Of A Quality Mentoring ProgramA different approach to training and growing quality teachers in the service of improved student learning experiences. In a mentor program:Effects Student Learning YesEffects Student Learning NoEffects Student Learning To Some Degree						
<ul> <li>Experience and expertise gained by NT over time</li> </ul>	X					
<ul> <li>Continuity in school/district during times of great change</li> </ul>	X					
Quality of employee entering, YR 1&2, through 40+	X					
Continuous learning by teacher (self)	X					
Continuous opportunities to learn for teachers & admin	X					
Sense of "connectedness" to system for teachers	X					
Aligned teacher and admin development programs     X						
<ul> <li>Sense of identification to the organization's values, beliefs, mission, vision, and goals</li> </ul>	X					
Charge: Let's design a comprehensive mentoring and induction program that fills ou schools with great teachers and helps our kids learn!						

Core Values	Core Beliefs
<ul> <li>Trust</li> <li>Respect</li> <li>Honesty</li> <li>Fairness</li> <li>Equity</li> <li>Justice</li> <li>Dignity</li> <li>Integrity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>It takes a village</li> <li>If you are not progressing you are regressing <ul> <li>Continuous improvement</li> <li>Build on past successes</li> <li>Choice is important for true growth and improvement</li> <li>Learning how to "fish" and be given a "fish" both have a place in our program and district.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data, evidence, and best practice are cornerstones of quality decisions = planning choices for organizations</li> <li>The greatest influencers of "quality" are one's values and beliefs. They drive priorities, resource allocation, decisions, and choices.</li> <li>Everything in the universe is connected. <ul> <li>Living in an "AND" world</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Glaser's	Kovalik's
Definition of Quality	Eight Elements Needed for the Brain
• Caring for	To Learn and Operate At Its Best
others	• Absence of Threat
• Useful	• Meaningful Content
experience	• Choices
• Hard work on	• Adequate Time
someone's part	• Enriched Environment
• Felt good for	• Collaboration
•	<ul> <li>Collaboration</li> <li>Immediate Feedback</li> <li>Mastery</li> </ul>









- In your district, what are the conditions necessary for you to build a program based upon the highest of expectations? In other words, does your district have a clear sense of its values, beliefs, and vision around teaching and learning?
- 2. What conditions would need to be in place for all teachers, admin, and kids to be continuously learning and enhancing their skill sets? Does your district have a focus? What role can mentoring play?
- 3. Are you willing to be a/the person that reshapes gravity in your district?



### Partnerships: A Selected Overview 1996-1<sup>st</sup> meeting with local State Rep about legislative support for mentoring 1996- Teacher quality issues presented by ETA @ CB. Specifically, mentoring. Also, discussed the "pipeline" concept induction, and teacher evaluation. 1998- Teacher Mentor Program bargained as part of The Elgin Agreement 1998- TMP begins first year. Collaboratively lead by management & union 2001- TMP the recipient of the NEA/Saturn/UAW Partnership Award 2002- Speaker Hastert awards Federal Grant to TMP ,supports Full-time program leader 2002- BOE invites TMP TL to speak at Illinois School Board Association Meeting 2002- NLU/ITEP partners with TMP 2002- TMP helps obtain \$750,000 PLC Grant from Grand Victoria Casino Foundation 2002- TMP/PLC Dept sponsors Interconnect Forum w/Higher Ed partners 2002- TMP begins outreach to higher ed (guest speaking, arranging clinical obs, etc...) 2002- CEC certifies the first 3 of 27 Frameworks trainers. 2002- FFT Training offered to interested buildings. Became basis for TMP meetings 2003- U-46 attends first CEC PETAL Compact Meeting (mentoring as focus) 2004- TMP Steering Committee added to Oversight Committee (via collective bargaining) 2008- BOE publicly affirms support of the work the TMP is doing. 2006- TMP partners with Colombia Univ Teachers' College on Jones of NY Grant 2007- TMP becomes active in INTC 2008- The New Teacher Project (TNTP) assesses mentoring and evaluation in U-46 2009- TMP receives ISBE M & I Grant (TIM grant) 2009- 1st Annual "Friend of the TMP Award"- to outstanding community, teacher, admin

### Bring people together to:

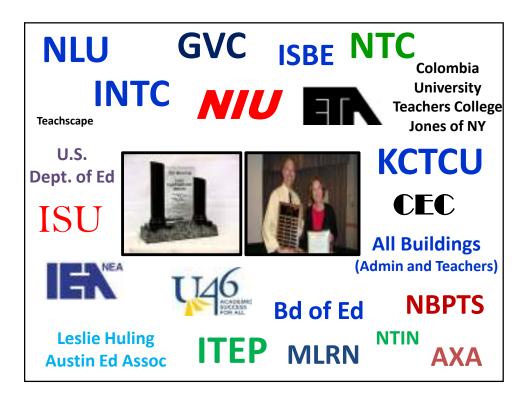
- do what you can't.
- teach you what you do not know.

You've got to find a way to channel their effort.

And remember the right words at the right time always get results!







### **The Power of One**

Political Action is a key...

...at the local, state, and national levels.

**Small** and **BIG** conversations all matter!!

NOW is the time!

### **Conversation 3 Thought**

"Be brave enough to start a conversation that matters.

Talk to people you know.

Talk to people you don't know.

Talk to people you never talk to."

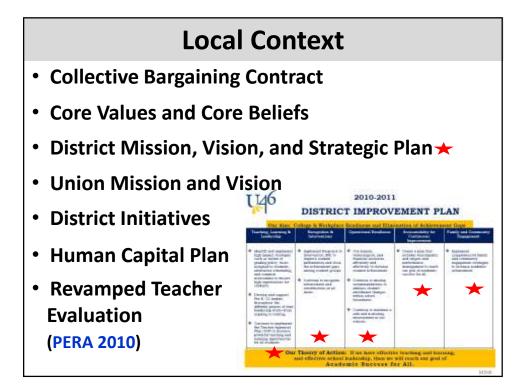
Author, unknown

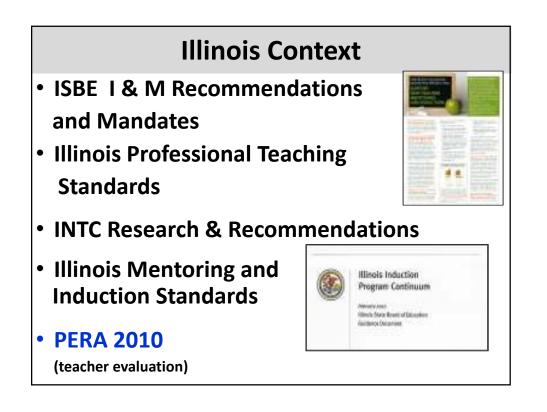
### **Journey Questions-- 3**

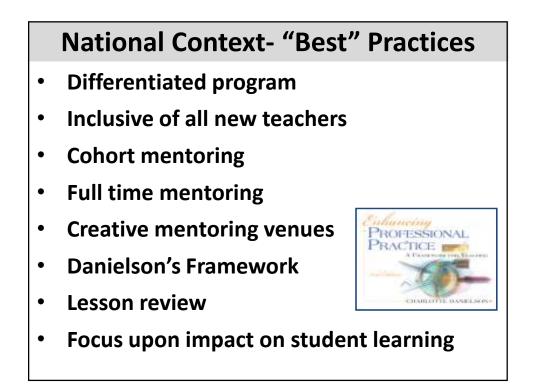
- 1. How can you build partnerships locally, statewide, and nationally to advance the cause of mentoring and induction at each of those levels? What next step can you commit to at the local level in order to initiate these mentoring partnerships?
- 2. How can you help create a sense of urgency to bring about the necessary changes faster to support new teachers in effective mentoring programs...and for the positive effects of mentoring to felt by all kids?
- 3. What **BIG** or small conversation about the need for funded mentoring programs will you commit to have with someone you have never talked to? When?



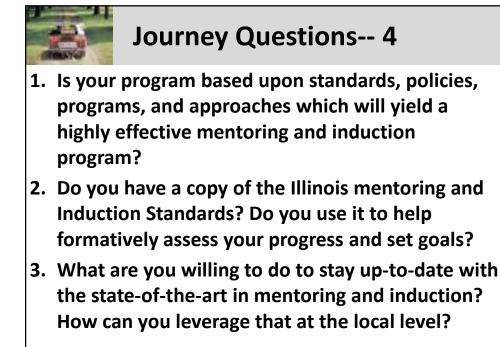
Some Examples: In Step With Local, State, and National Contexts 1983- ISBE first begins studying Induction and mentoring 1987- First formal & intentional conversation w/District representative about mentoring 1994- Future Search sponsored by CEC 1996- ETA Strategic Plan focuses on teacher quality 1996- First IBB experience. Teacher quality issues presented by ETA including mentoring. 1996- PEL formed( Patrick Dolan model), union / admin/ BOE/ community (&TMP)collaboration 1996- NEA President Bob Chase calls for "new" unionism 1997- Teacher Certification Legislation Advanced (Initial, Standard, Master-Mentoring an option) 1998- Teacher Mentor Program bargained as part of The Elgin Agreement 1998- TMP begins first year. Collaborative led by management & union (Oversight Committee). 2002- Federal grant allowed full time teacher leader of TMP 2002- TMP among first ISBE approved mentoring programs 2002- TMP integral in obtaining \$750,000 PLC Grant from Grand Victoria Casino 2002- A Framework for Teaching, by Charlotte Danielson, adopted as TMP core curriculum 2003- U-46 attends first CEC PETAL Compact Meeting (mentoring as focus) 2003- ETA joins TURN. Invites TMP leader added in 2006. 2008- Added 2<sup>nd</sup> and third teacher leader s for TMP 2008- BOE publicly affirms support of the work the TMP is doing. 2008- TMP teacher leader charged with TAP project manager role 2008- The New Teacher Project (TNTP) assesses mentoring and evaluation in U-46 2009- TMP receives ISBE M & I Grant (TIM grant) 2009- TMP adds three fulltime mentors 2009- BOE, Supt., and TMP Leadership attend weeklong M & I symposium sponsored by NTC 2009- TNTP releases "The Widget Effect" and mentoring assessment results expands TMP to include all new teach



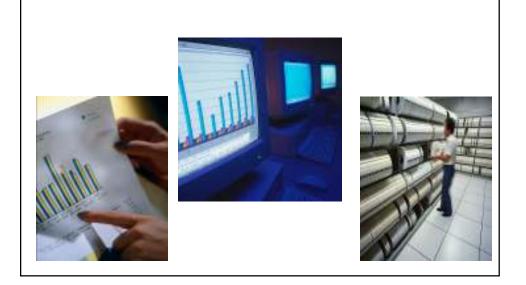


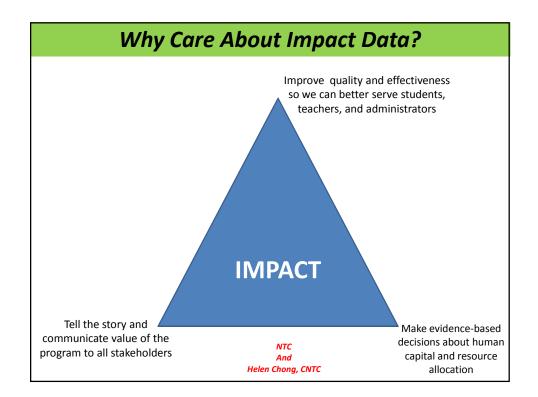


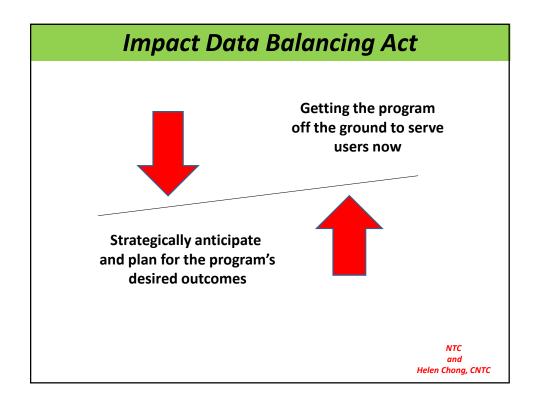
# <section-header><text>

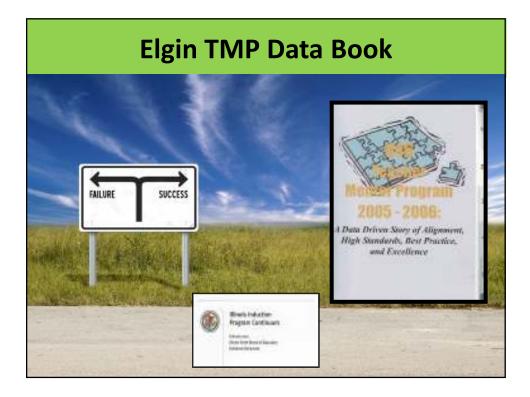


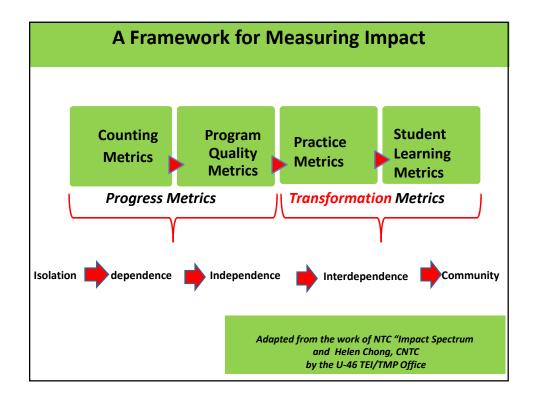
## A Conversation About Strategy 5: Use Data To Your Advantage











	Choosing	; the Right D	ata to Collect	
What data are v	we currently collecting a	long the impact spectrum	? What do you want to collect r	noving forward?
Impact Spectrum	Counting	Program Quality	Practice Metrics	Student Learning
Guiding Questions	•Who are we reaching w/TMP? •What is the demographic we are reaching w/TMP? •Are the hardest to reach populations being served?	<ul> <li>Is TMP being implemented with fidelity?</li> <li>Are participants using their training in the filed?</li> <li>Is TMP meeting the needs of the teachers and admin?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In what specific ways is practice becoming more effective? (for teachers and admin)</li> <li>Are the changes in practice consistent across the district? (all buildings, depts, teachers, supervisors)</li> </ul>	•How are the students learning better as a result of our work? •Are the changes in student learning consistent across the student demographic groups?
Some of the data that applies to TMP	•Attendance at Training •Number of mentees/mentors •% using TAP •Participant interaction w/TMP leadership •Appeals •Number of ELL, SpEd, Gen Ed Participants •TMP budget •TMP Data Book	•CPDU evals from Training •Participant Program survey/eval •Focus groups •Anecdotal evidence both + and – (written and verbal) •Outside audits •Admin focus groups •TMP Data Book	•Quarterly Assignments •Surveys •TMP Data Book •Number of YR1-4 teachers summatively rated as U, NI, P, E as a result of PERA 2010 Adapted from the word Helen Chong, by the U-46 7	CNTC

Mentees												
	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08	08-09	09-10	10-11
TMP is effective	85	77	91	89	95	98.5	99	96	98.5	97.6	98	100
Mentor helped obtain resources	92	77	85	91	95	97	98	97	97	97	98	100
Mentor concerned with success	94	84	96	94	96	98.5	98	99	99	97	98	100
Talk freely with mentor	97	85	94	99	98	97	98.5	98	98	97	99	100
Meet regularly with mentor	91	75	82	85	85	90	92	92	94	93.2	95	98
Administrator is supportive (RT)	51	55	64	87	94	98	97.5	97	98	94	94	99
****All numbers reported in percentages!												

				N	/ler	nto	rs					
	99-00	00-01	01-02	02-03	03-04	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08	08-09	09-10	10-11
TMP is valuable to mentee	95	94	83	99.5	99	99.5	100	100	99.7	99	100	98
Can talk freely with mentee	91	88	93	98	100	99.5	94	99.5	100	90	99.3	100
Made a difference in success of mentee	70	94	83	97	91	92	96	98	98	96	97	100
Made a difference in school district	77	77	83	92	99	94	98	99	98	96	99.5	98
Learned things after working with mentee	93	76	91	99	98	94	98	99	99	98.5	99.6	97
Meet regularly with mentee	77	71	78	90.5	91	93	84	92.5	95	94	95	100
Administration is supportive	50	46	44	82	88	89	94	94.5	96	96	99.5	100
	****All numbers reported in percentages!											

### **Conversation 4 Thought**

"Don't judge each day by the harvest you reap, but by the seeds you plant."

**Robert Louis Stevenson** 

# **Journey Questions-- 5**

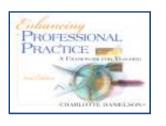
- 1. Do you have a data driven mentoring and induction program/approach?
- 2. What types of data do you collect (or could you collect) in order to tell a compelling story of need? Knowing that this ,in turn, will provide fuel for the funding conversation who (internally and outside your district) will you need to approach to gather relevant data? Can you gather some yourself?
- 3. What evidence of impact data do you currently have that confirms your efforts and/or allows for areas for future growth?



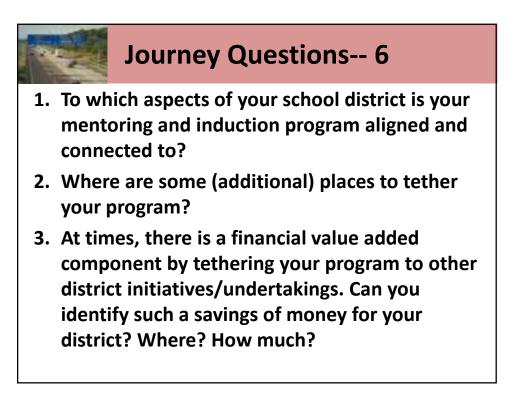
TMP Tethered to:
1997- Teacher Certification Legislation Advanced (Initial, Standard, Master, & Mentoring as an option)
1998- Teacher Mentor Program bargained as part of The Elgin Agreement
2000- Teacher Cert and Induction Legislation instituted. Approved status for mentoring as an option.
2000- At request of ETA and NEA leadership, TMP leader presents at NEA Midwest Meeting
2001- TMP aligns to ISBE's Illinois Professional Teaching Standards
2002- TMP among first ISBE approved mentoring programs
2002- TMP integral in obtaining \$750,000 PLC Grant from Grand Victoria Casino
2002- TMP assists/contributes to building School Improvement Plans
2002- TMP/PLC Dept sponsors Interconnect Forum w/Higher Ed partners
2002- A Framework for Teaching, by Charlotte Danielson, adopted as TMP core curriculum
2002- CEC certifies the first 3 of 27 Frameworks trainers.
2002- FFT Training offered to interested buildings and became basis for TMP mentor-mentee meetings
2003- As District adopts new Improvement Plan, TMP aligns its work to the DIP.
2004- TMP sponsors first NPBTS cohort.
2005- 1 <sup>st</sup> Higher Ed Partner revamps student teaching "appraisal" system to mirror a FFT approach, in
part, as a result of TMP/PLC Interconnect Forum. Aligns nicely with TMP (first year NT focus).
2008- TMP teacher leader charged with TAP project manager role (formative & summative connection)
2009- Teacher Effectiveness Initiatives (TEI) created. Has a pipeline approach (Grow Your Own Teachers,
Higher Ed Outreach, TMP, TAP, Admin TAP Support, and NBPTS)
2009- TMP becomes a direct report to Supt.
2009- TMP is the vehicle for TAP training for new teachers in TMP and on-going support for mentors.
2009- First TEI Assembly held. TMP is a significant contributor.
2009- TMP leader contributes to the development of the Illinois I & M Standards.
2009- TMP Leadership Teams use I & M Standards to assess program and set goals.
2009- TMP Leader added to District's Senior Leadership Team
2011- ETA highlights TMP at monthly REP Assembly

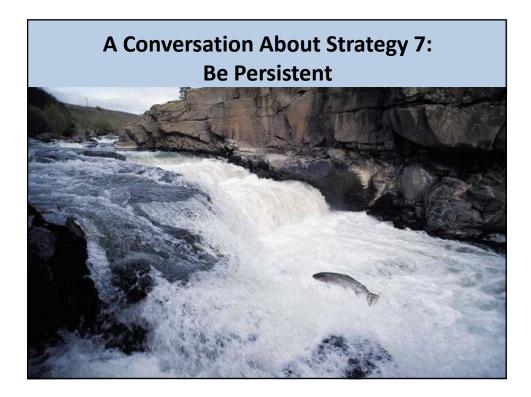
### **Some District Level Examples**

- PERA 2010 (revamped teacher evaluation)
- Human Capital Plan
- Higher Ed Partnerships
- Collective Bargaining Agreements
- District Improvement Plan
- School Improvement Plan
- Leadership Development
- Core Values and Core Beliefs
- Teaching Standards
- What we know about adult learning









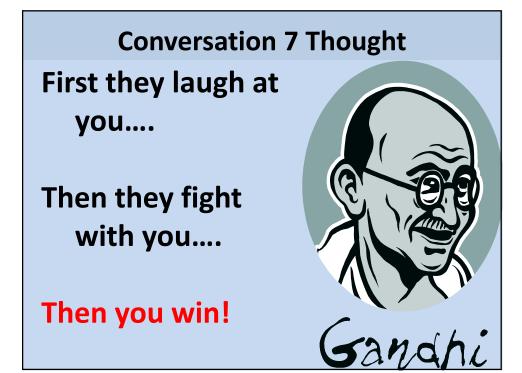
### Persistence

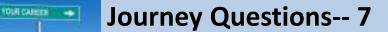
- 1987- First formal & intentional conversation with District admin rep about a mentoring program
- 1996- Mentoring advanced by ETA in CB. Conversation about the "pipeline", induction, teacher evaluation.
- 1998- Teacher Mentor Program bargained as part of *The Elgin Agreement* 1998- Teacher and Admin Co-chair collaborative TMP Oversight Committee
- 1998- With no designated meeting place, the O-Committee meets all over & begins "kitchen table" meetings ( nights & weekends)
- 1998- All TMP records are housed in Teacher co-chairs home and car
- 2001- As TMP grows in size & impact, discussions between District &ETA about the a full-time leader 2001- TMP the recipient of the NEA/Saturn/UAW Partnership Award
- 2001- Federal grant allowed full time teacher leader of TMP
- 2002- TMP is provided an office in Central Office and a part-time secretary
- 2002- U-46 budget cuts. The best practice and effective TMP is in peril, as a result.
- 2002- TMP receives ITEP Grant money.

- 2003- U-66 budget cuts. All buildings and programs reduce budgets by 14%. TMP's reduced 33%. 2004- District reallocates ITEP Grant money. TMP tightens budget belt & seeks added funds elsewhere. 2004- District discontinues TMP Teacher Leader. A groundswell of support from ETA leadership teachers, building level admin, some BOE members, and some key influential Central Office admin allow TMP Teacher Leader to be reinstated.
- 2004- Teacher Leader for TMP added to collective bargaining agreement
- 2004- TMP Steering Committee added to Oversight Committee as part of CB. Links TMP to ETA and District leadership groups.
- 2004- TMP endorses Union president elect. As a former mentor, follows through on support for TMP, joins Steering Comm. First pres. to do
- 2005- After years of moving meetings around the district, U-46 leadership gives TMP Resource Center Room. TMP has a home.
- 2005- TMP's secretary becomes full-time as program continues to grow and become a more ensconced in many aspects of district initiatives 2006- TMP adds first two fulltime mentor teachers as program further differentiates delivery model
- 2007- Leadership Teams (Oversight and Steering Comm) advocate for additional program support. District added 2<sup>nd</sup> teacher leader for TMP
- 2008- BOE publicly affirms support of the work the TMP is doing.
- 2008- New supt is a mentoring advocate. Support for TMP is very strong. TMP flourishes. TMP leader charged with TAP project manager role 2008- Third teacher leader for the TMP added to support TMP and TAP implementation
- 2008- TMP Teacher Leader and program report directly to supt.
- 2009- TMP adds three more fulltime mentors
- 2009- Teacher Effectiveness Initiatives (TEI) created- a pipeline approach (Future Teachers, Higher Ed Outreach, TMP, TAP, ATAP, and NBPTS)
- 2009- TEI Department (including TMP) is a result of planning between TMP leaders and supt. TEI Office continues to report directly to Supt.
- 2009- Supt. Works with TMP Teacher Leader to expand TMP to include all new teachers
- 2009- TMP is the vehicle for TAP training for new hires and on-going support for mentors. 2010- U-46 budget cuts. TMP is forced to reduce two full time mentors . But program is healthy.
- 2011- ETA reaffirms strong support for TMP. BOE reaffirms strong support for TMP. Supt reaffirms strong support for TMP
- 2011- District names successor to long-time TMP teacher leader









- 1. Are you willing to be passionately persistent in pursuing an effective M & I program in your district? What is your next step...today...next week...next month...next year?
- 2. Can you cite evidence of a person (or people) in your district that exhibits a high degree of persistence? How do you/can you involve them in M & I work?
- 3. Can you identify a time when persistence paid off for you professionally? In mentoring and induction work? What did it feel like? Was it worth it?



# High Risk Helpers-- Yield Big Rewards Sense of Urgency Political Will Courage Use Data Distribute Leadership Hold Yourself (and others) accountable Extensive use of External Resources Practice Servant Leadership

### **Risks = Rewards** 1987- First formal & intentional conversation with District admin rep about a mentoring program 1996- First IBB CB experience. Teacher quality issues presented by ETA. Specifically, **Teacher Mentor Program** 1996- NEA President Bob Chase calls for "new" unionism 1998- Teacher Mentor Program bargained as part of The Elgin Agreement 2002- Federal grant allowed full time teacher leader of TMP 2002- TMP integral in obtaining \$750,000 **Professional Learning Community Grant** from Grand Victoria Casino 2005- U-46 designates Teacher Mentor Program **Resource Center Room** 2006- TMP's first two fulltime mentor s 2008- Added 2<sup>nd</sup> teacher leader for TMP 2008- Added 3rd teacher leader for TMP Non- the Ohion - Let'l inter another 2009- TMP adds three fulltime mentors they taid in Hill. 2009- Supt. expands TMP to include all new teachers

### Transformative Illinois I & M Ideas? Regional School District Consortiums A geographic sharing of resources - Inter- District Mentoring Programs Higher Ed and Local District Mentoring Connection Sharing of resources - Offer graduate degree in M & I which requires an one year "internship" as a full-time mentor. Funded by State Reduced work load for mentors and mentees Digital technology as a tool to support formative assessment • PERA 2010 "+" - Mandate & fund mentoring as an option for teachers with a PDP Boldly enter the conversation about "what constitutes evidence of deep purposeful change?". Student learning/growth Effects on building and district culture · State needs to mandate and fund a meaningful Culture Study

# **Conversation 8 Thought**

*"Without leaps of imagination, or dreaming, we lose the excitement of possibilities.* 

Dreaming, after all, is a form of planning."

**Gloria Steinem** 

# **Journey Questions-- 8**

- 1. Take the lid off of your thinking:
  - What innovations can you imagine that would further your local M & I efforts? State? Nation?
  - What M & I innovation will you persistently work on to initiate in your school district? What is the first step you must take? What are the following steps?
- 2. What risk(s) are you willing to take to create fairly funded effective M & I programs in your school district? State? Nation?





